

Innovative Mandrel Design and Development for Future-ready Type V Hydrogen Pressure Vessels

Akshay Mahadeo Deshmane, Santwana Pati, Maximilian Korff and Tobias Dickhut
University of the Bundeswehr Munich, Germany

09.04.2025



Gefördert durch:



aufgrund eines Beschlusses
des Deutschen Bundestages



Finanziert von
der Europäischen Union



Agenda

- Introduction
- Projects
- Hydrogen for Aerospace
- Overview
- Motivation
- Concept
- Preliminary results
- Conclusion
- Further Steps



Introduction

Akshay Deshmane, M.Sc. (Product Refinement Focus on Materials)
Research Assistant (Mandrel and Tank development)

Prof. Dr-Ing. Tobias Dickhut

Chair of Composite Materials and Engineering Mechanics

Institute of Aeronautical Engineering

University of the Bundeswehr Munich



Projects

• CHILL

- Development and qualification of a volume-scalable secondary tank family (type 5) made of FRP for use in microlaunchers/ satellites

• INTAKT

- Development of a multi-layer type 5 tank wall concept for LH2, which allows partial and controlled H2 permeation to occur

• SeRANIS

- Development of a high-pressure xenon tank made of FRP with integrated functional layers as a diffusion barrier

• DigiTain

- Development of a high-pressure 700 bar gaseous hydrogen tube accumulator for the automotive industry

• CHoSe

- Development of a non-cylindrical cryogenic hydrogen tank including sealing and insulation layers for space-adapted applications and the absorption of structural loads

• MODULOX

- Construction of a newly developed, modular LOX test rig including infrastructure for investigating external influences and the reaction mechanism in liquid oxygen

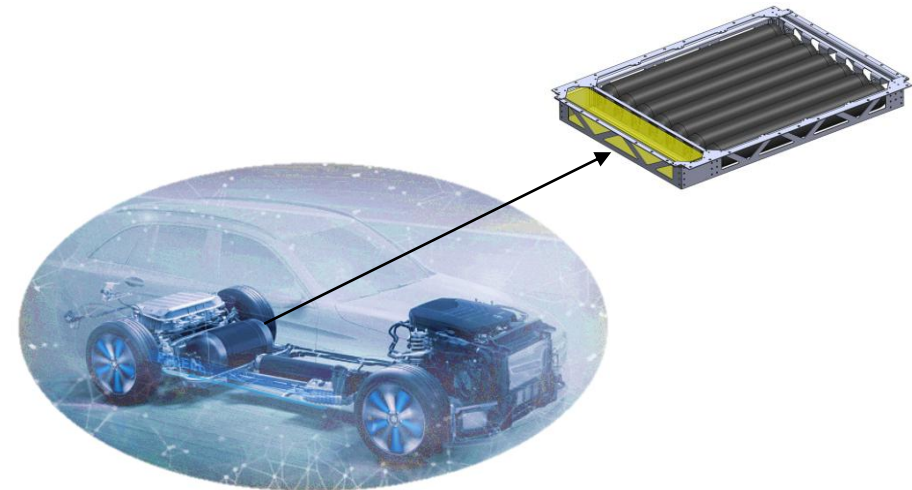
• CryoFuselage

- Development and qualification of a cryogenic low-pressure LH2 tank made of FRP with functional integration in load-bearing fuselage structure for aircraft

DigiTain - Digitization for Sustainability

- Objective
 - Road approved linerless Type V H₂ tank for automobile

- Focus
 - Leakage control
 - Cost-effective integrated mandrel concept



Gaseous Hydrogen for Aerospace

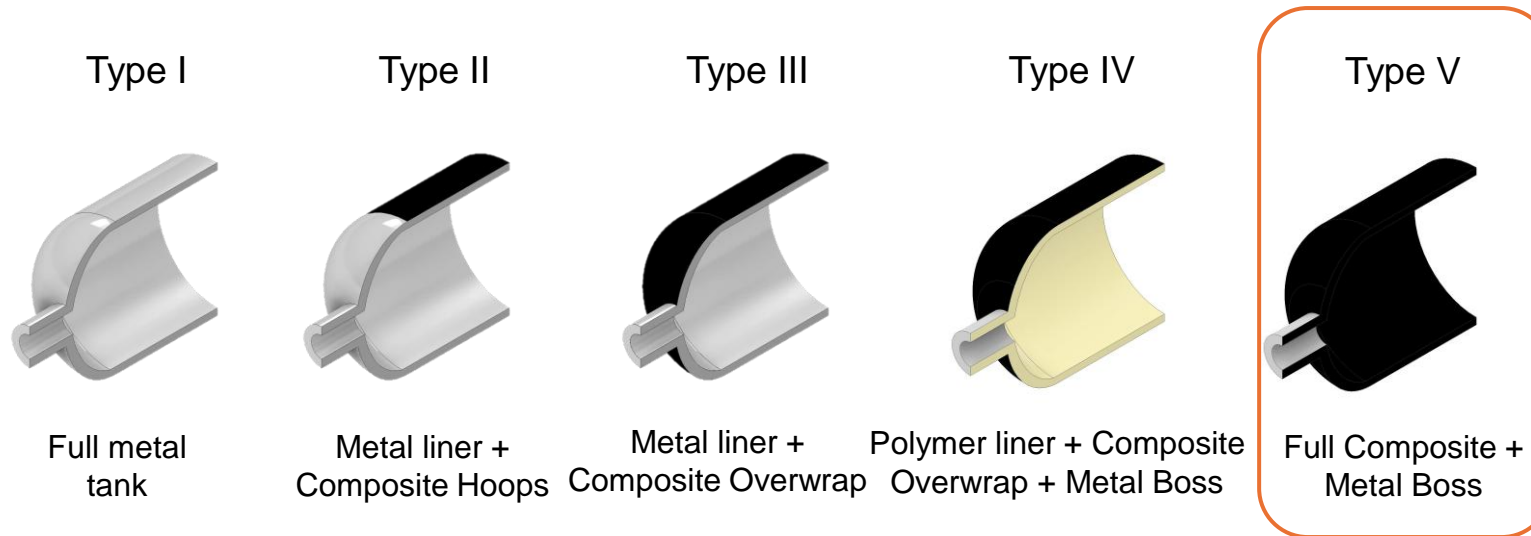
- Mature Technology – Proven in Automotive Industry (700 bar)
- Easy Integration – No Cryo Handling
- Fast refueling
- Prototyping ready – Used in HY4, ZeroAvia
- Validated safety



Source: Image left : H2FLY ; Image right: ZeroAvia



Overview



Type V tank

- Lightweight Design - up to 30% weight reduction (1)
 - Improved storage efficiency
 - Design Flexibility
- More complex tooling
 - Expensive

Type V



Full Composite +
Metal Boss

1. https://www.hydrogen.energy.gov/pdfs/15013_type_v_tanks.pdf

Motivation

Water Soluble Mandrels

- Sand/Plaster
 - Cracking of the mandrel
 - Heavy – Handling is difficult

- 3D printed mandrels
 - In certain cases, disintegration/softening during curing process
 - High cost

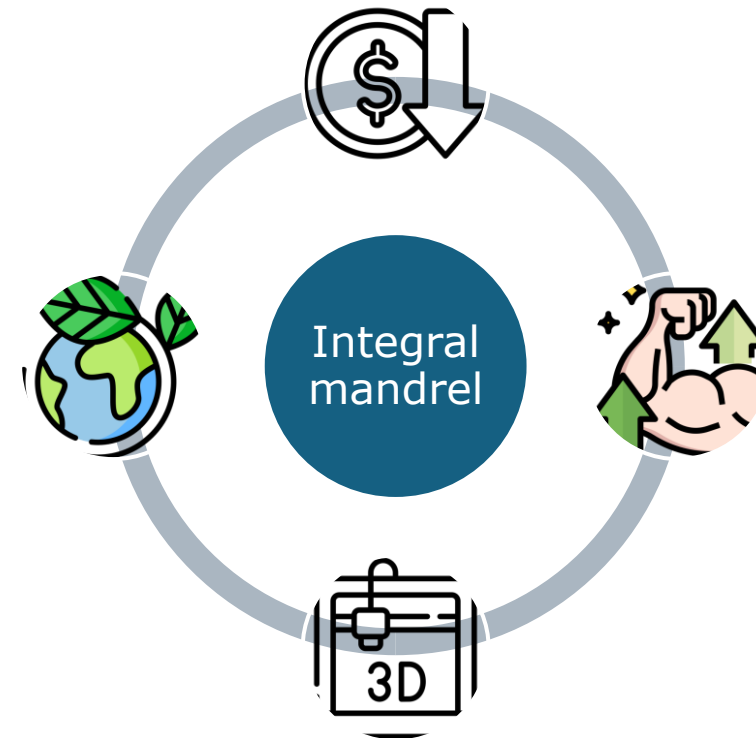




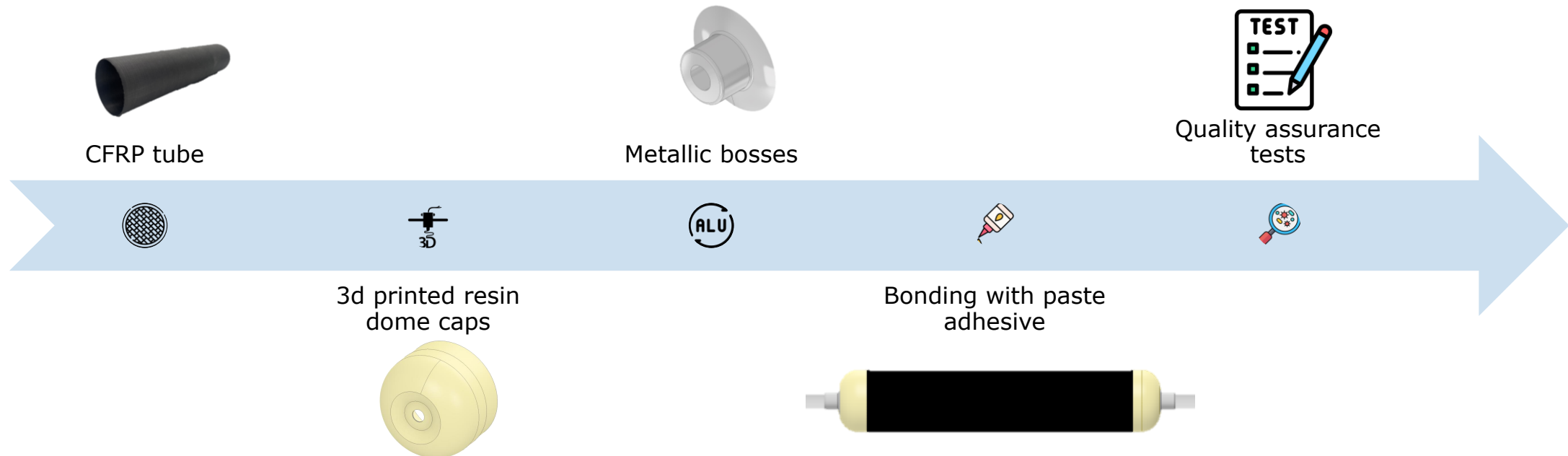
Concept

- **Integral Mandrel Concept**

- Partial load carrying
- Rapid prototyping
- Easy integration
- No complex manufacturing
- Cost effective



Workflow – Integral Mandrel



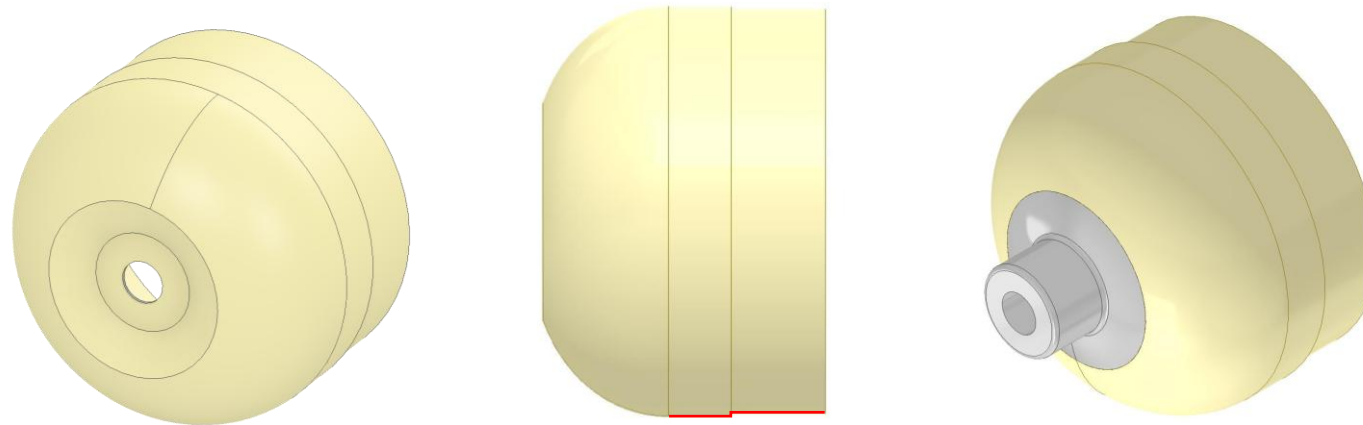
CFRP Tube

- Layup: +/-/+ hoops
- Length: 1050 mm
- Inner Diameter: 135 mm
- Commercial towpreg with T700 24K fibers



Dome and Boss

- Custom Dome and Boss geometry
- 3d printing (SLA) domes
- Slit for sliding dome into the CFRP tube
- Slot for boss attachment

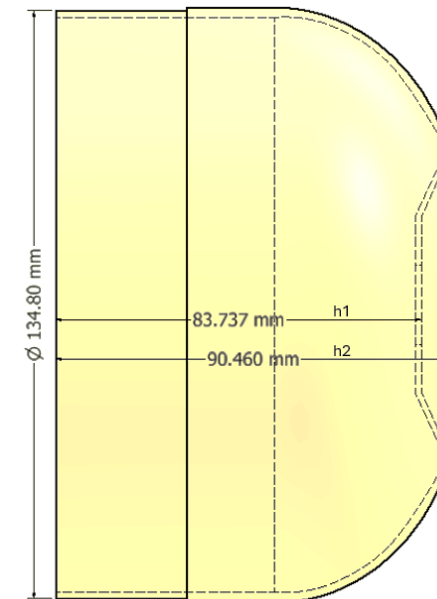
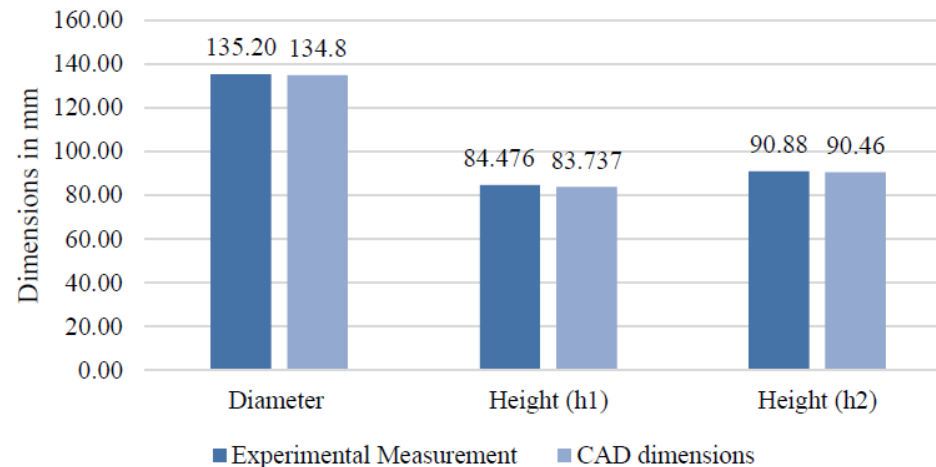


Preliminary tests: Dome

- Visual Inspection
 - Surface defects in initial prints
- Dimensional variation
 - Less than 1%
- 3 Dome samples were measured and below are the average results



Dimensional analysis of 3D printed dome cap specimen

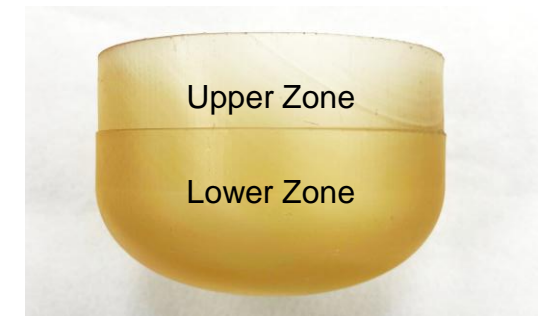


Preliminary tests: Dome

Thermal Pretest:

- Dimensional analysis after thermal exposure
- In oven at curing cycle of the towpreg
- 3 Dome samples were measured and below are the average results

Dimensions	Before thermal exposure (mm)	After thermal exposure (mm)	Change in %
Wall thickness at lower zone	1.20	1.18	1.1
Wall thickness at upper zone	1.40	1.38	1.3



Preliminary Tests: Dome

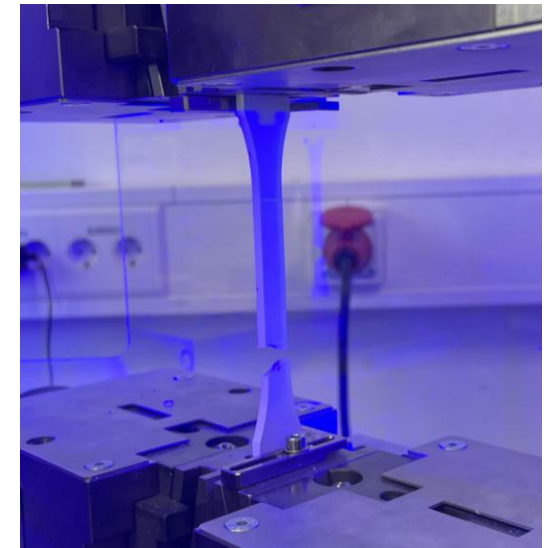
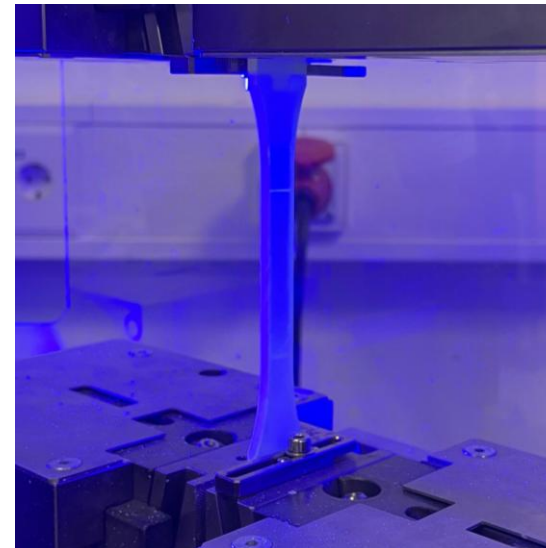
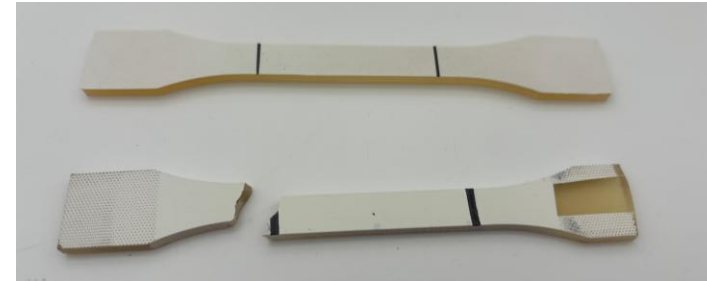
Tensile test: ISO 527-2

- Set 1
 - 3d printed dog bone

- Set 2
 - 3d printed dog bone post cured at the curing cycle of the towpreg

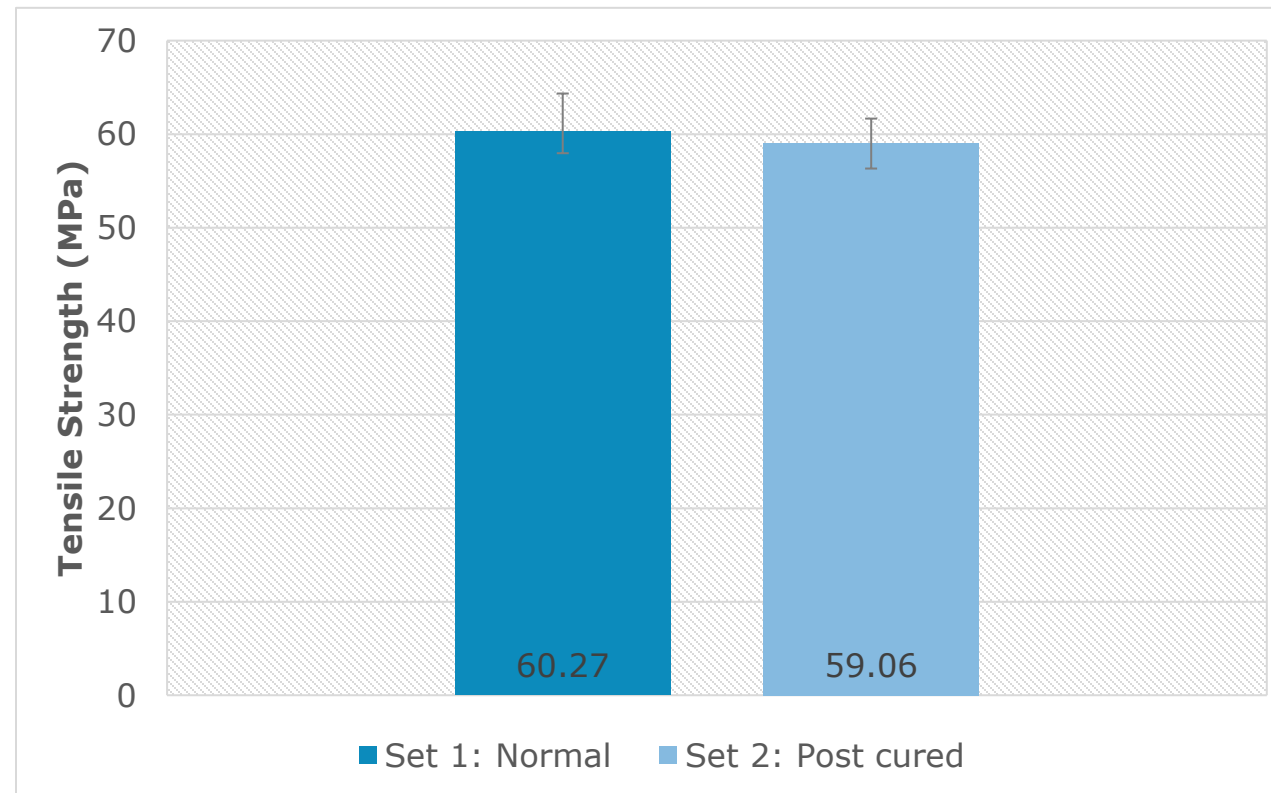
- Material – SLA Dome Resin

- 10 dog bone samples of each set were measured



Preliminary Tests: Dome

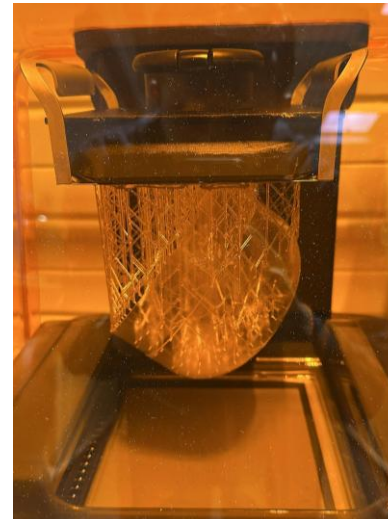
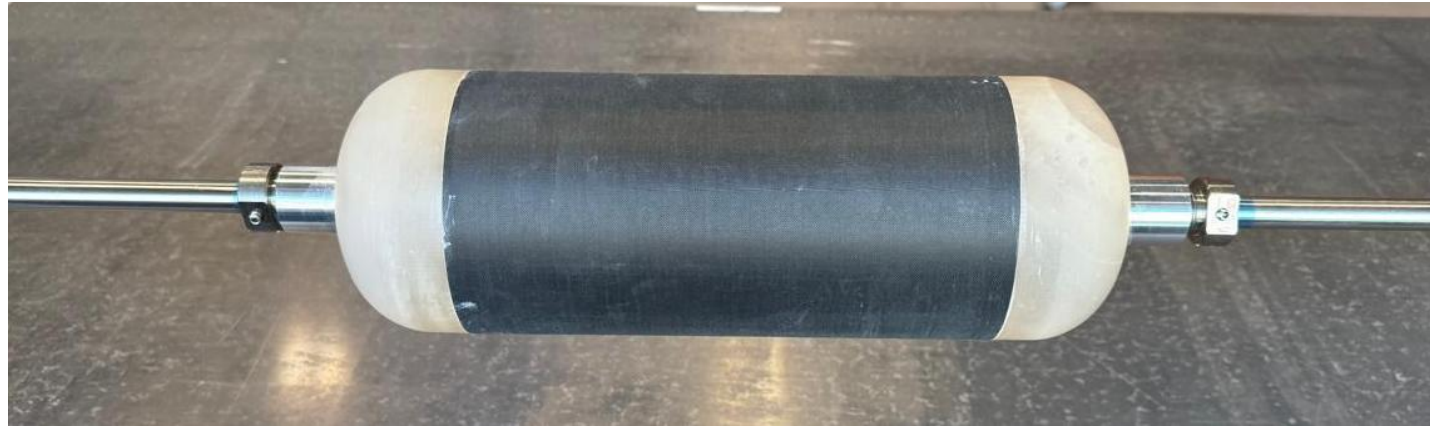
Tensile test: ISO 527-2



- Post cured samples do not show significant reduction in strength due to hardening



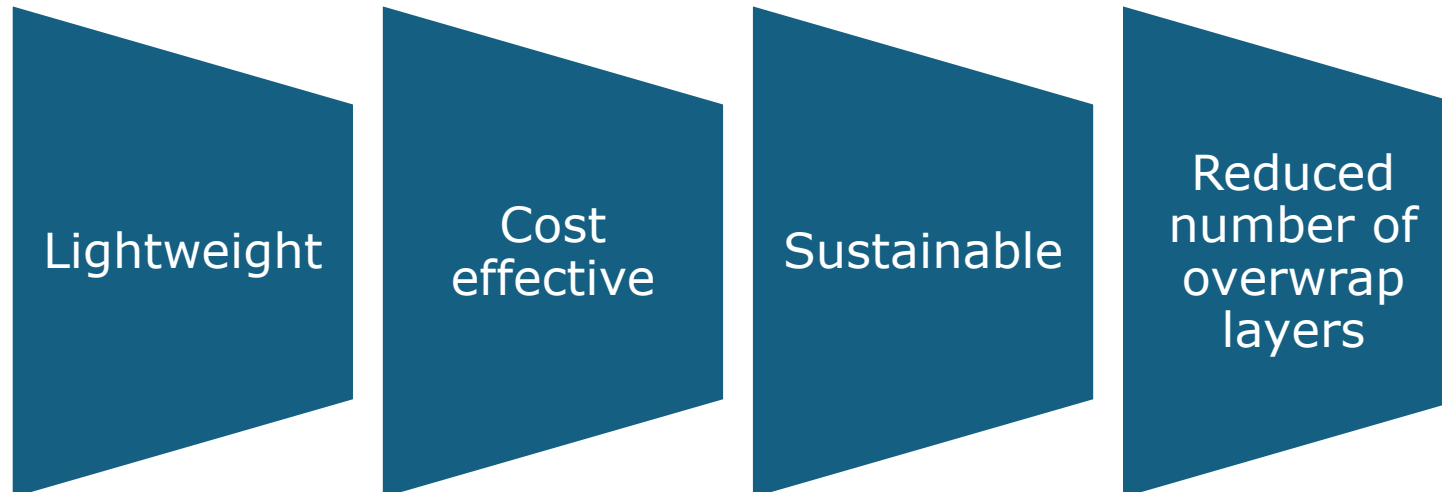
Manufacturing Pictures





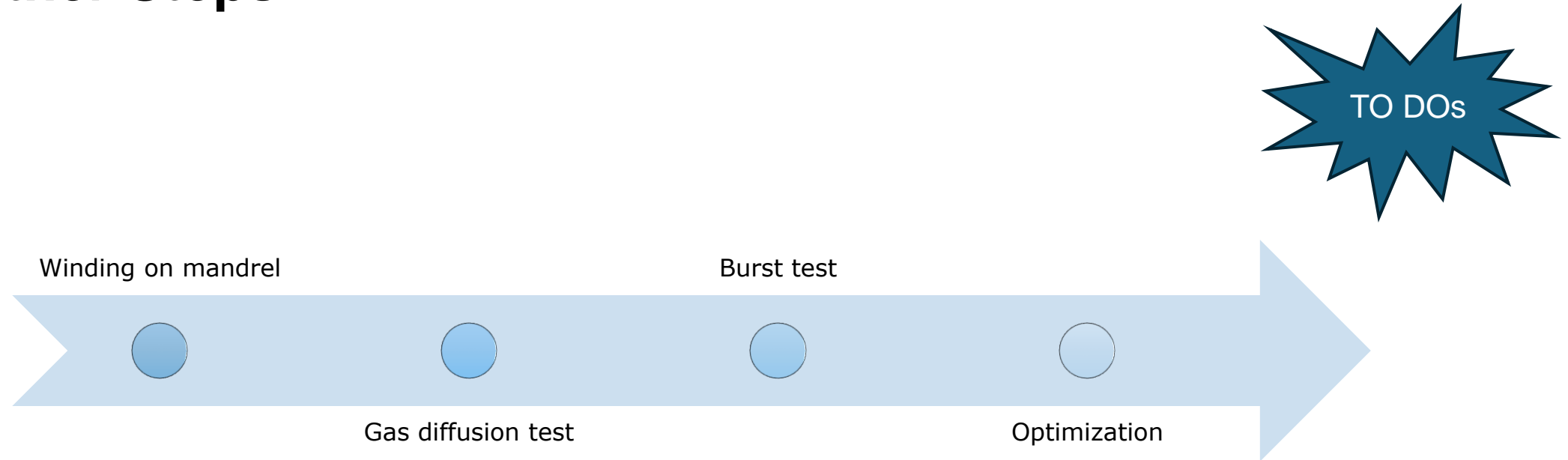
Conclusion

The integral mandrel concept:





Further Steps





Acknowledgment

The research is done within the framework of the project [DigiTain](#)

DigiTain is funded by the **Federal Ministry for Economic Affairs and Climate Protection** based on a decision by the German Federal Assembly under Grant FKZ 19S22006M



Gefördert durch:



aufgrund eines Beschlusses
des Deutschen Bundestages



Thank you!
Anything on your mind?

Akshay M. Deshmane
Research Assistant
University of the Bundeswehr Munich, Germany
Email address: akshay.deshmane@unibw.de
Tel: +49 (0) 89 6004 7201





References

- <https://www.flaticon.com/>